

GIGALIGHT 400G QSFP-DD XDR4 2km Transceiver Module P/N: GQD-SPO401-XDR4C

Features

- ✓ Compliant with QSFP-DD MSA and CMIS Rev 4.0
- ✓ Compliant with 802.3bs: 400GAUI-8 Electrical Interface
- ✓ Compliant with IEEE802.3cu: 4x100GBASE-FR1 Optical Interface
- ✓ Power consumption <10W</p>
- ✓ Cooled 1310nm EML
- ✓ Maximum link length of 2km G.652 SMF with KP4-FEC
- ✓ Hot-pluggable QSFP-DD type 2 form factor
- ✓ MPO-12 Optical Receptacles
- ✓ Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- ✓ Operating case temperature 0°C to +70°C
- ✓ 3.3V power supply voltage
- ✓ RoHS compliant(lead free)

Applications

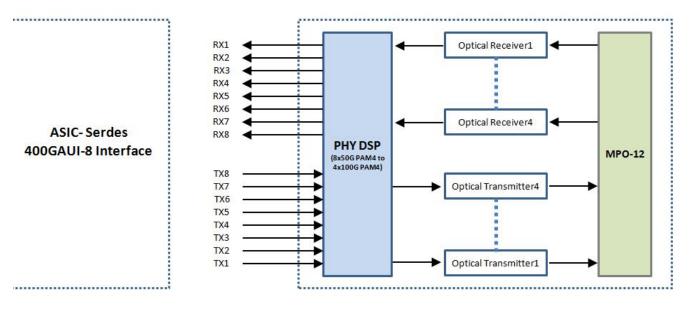
- ✓ 400G Ethernet
- ✓ Data Center Interconnect
- ✓ Enterprise Networking

Description

The Gigalight GQD-SPO401-XDR4C is a transceiver module designed for 2km optical communication applications, and it is compliant to QSFP-DD MSA, IEEE 802.3cu protocol and 400GAUI-8 standards. This module can convert 8-channel 53.125 Gbit/s electrical data to 4 parallel channels of optical signals, each supporting106.25 Gbit/s data transmission. Reversely, it can convert 4-channel 106.25 Gbit/s optical signals to 8-channel electrical output data on the receiver side. It has been designed to meet the harshest external operating conditions including temperature, humidity and EMI interference. The module offers very high functionality and feature integration, accessible via the I2C interface.









Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	3.6	V
Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	Vcc+0.3	V
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	85	°C
Case Operating Temperature	Тор	0	70	°C
Humidity(non-condensing)	Rh	5	95	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Мах	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Operating Case temperature	Тса	0		70	°C
Data Rate Per Lane (Optical)	Fd		106.25		Gbit/s
Humidity	Rh	15		85	%
Power Dissipation	Pm			10	W

Electrical Specifications

Parameter Symbol Min Typical Max Unit



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Differential input impedance	Zin	90	100	110	ohm
Differential Output impedance	Zout	90	100	110	ohm
Differential input voltage amplitude	ΔVin	900			mVp-p
Differential output voltage amplitude	ΔVout			900	mVp-p
Bit Error Rate	BER			2.4E-4	-
Near-end ESMW (Eye symmetry mask width)		0.265			UI
Near-end Eye height, differential (min)		70			mV
Far-end ESMW (Eye symmetry mask width)		0.20			UI
Far-end Eye height, differential (min)		30			mV
Far-end pre-cursor ISI ratio		-4.5		2.5	%

Note:

- 1) BER=2.4E-4; PRBS31Q@26.5625GBd. Pre-FEC
- 2) Differential input voltage amplitude is measured between TxnP and TxnN.
- 3) Differential output voltage amplitude is measured between RxnP and RxnN.

Optical Characteristics

Table 3 - Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes		
	Transmitter							
Centre Wavelength	λc	1304.5		1317.5	nm	-		
Side-mode suppression ratio	SMSR		-		dB	-		
Average launch power, each lane	Pout	-3.2	-	4.4	dBm	-		
Optical Modulation Amplitude(OMA outer),	OMA	-0.2	-	3.7	dBm	-		



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each lane						
Transmitter and dispersion eye closure for PAM4(TDECQ),each lane	TDECQ			3.4	dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5	-	-	dB	-
Average launch power of OFF transmitter, each lane				-16	dB	-
		Receive	r			
Centre Wavelength	λc	1304.5		1317.5	nm	-
Receiver Sensitivity in OMA outer	RXsen			-4.6	dBm	1
Average power at receiver , each lane input, each lane	Pin	-7.2		4.4	dBm	-
Receiver Reflectance				-26	dB	-
LOS Assert		-12			dBm	-
LOS De-Assert				-10	dBm	-
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB	-

Note:

1) Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for BER = 2.4E-4 Pre-FEC

Pin Description



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Table 1- Pa	ad Function	Definition
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Pad	Logic	Symbol	Description	Plug Sequence ⁴	Notes
1		GND	Ground	1B	1
2	CML-I	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3B	
3	CML-I	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3B	
4		GND	Ground	1B	1
5	CML-I	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3B	
6	CML-I	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3B	
7	-	GND	Ground	1B	1
8	LVTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select	3B	
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	3B	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2B	2
11	LVCMOS- I/O	SCL	2-wire serial interface clock	3B	
12	LVCMOS- I/O	SDA	2-wire serial interface data	3B	
13	Notice is a	GND	Ground	1B	1
14	CML-0	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3B	
15	CML-0	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3B	
16		GND	Ground	1B	1
17	CML-0	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3B	
18	CML-0	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3B	
19		GND	Ground	1B	1
20		GND	Ground	1B	1
21	CML-0	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3B	
22	CML-0	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3B	
23		GND	Ground	1B	1
24	CML-0	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3B	
25	CML-0	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3B	
26		GND	Ground	1B	1
27	LVTTL-0	ModPrsL	Module Present	3B	
28	LVTTL-0	IntL	Interrupt	3B	
29		VccTx	+3.3V Power supply transmitter	2B	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power supply	2B	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low Power mode; 3B		
32		GND	Ground 1B		1
33	CML-I	Тх3р	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3B	
34	CML-I	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3B	
35	-	GND	Ground	1B	1
36	CML-I	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3B	
37	CML-I	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3B	
38		GND	Ground	1B	1



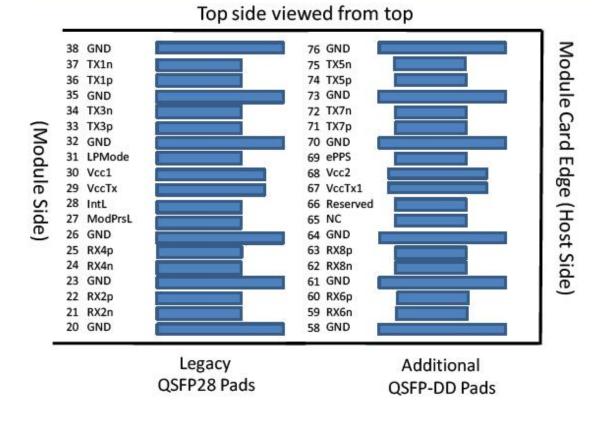
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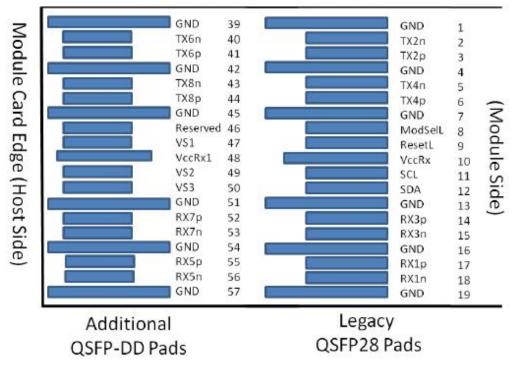
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Pad	Logic	Symbol	Description	Plug Sequence ⁴	Notes
39		GND	Ground	1A	1
40	CML-I	Tx6n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3A	
41	CML-I	Tx6p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3A	
42		GND	Ground	1A	1
43	CML-I	Tx8n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3A	
44	CML-I	Tx8p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3A	
45		GND	Ground	1A	1
46		Reserved	For future use	3A	3
47		VS1	Module Vendor Specific 1	3A	3
48		VccRx1	3.3V Power Supply	2A	2
49	1	VS2	Module Vendor Specific 2	3A	3
50		VS3	Module Vendor Specific 3	3A	3
51		GND	Ground	1A	1
52	CML-O	Rx7p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3A	
53	CML-O	Rx7n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3A	
54		GND	Ground	1A	1
55	CML-0	Rx5p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3A	
56	CML-0	Rx5n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3A	
57		GND	Ground	1A	1
58		GND	Ground	1A	1
59	CML-O	Rx6n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3A	
60	CML-O	Rx6p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3A	
61		GND	Ground	1A	1
62	CML-O	Rx8n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3A	
63	CML-O	Rx8p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3A	
64		GND	Ground	1A	1
65		NC	No Connect	3A	3
66		Reserved	For future use	3A	3
67		VccTxl	3.3V Power Supply	2A	2
68		Vcc2	3.3V Power Supply	2A	2
69	LVTTL-I	ePPS	Precision Time Protocol (PTP) reference clock input	3A	3
70		GND	Ground	1A	1
71	CML-I	Tx7p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3A	
72	CML-I	Tx7n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3A	
73		GND	Ground	1A	1
74	CML-I	Tx5p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3A	
75	CML-I	Tx5n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3A	
76		GND	Ground	1A	1
comm pote comm Note Requ	on within ential unl on ground 2: VccRa uirements	the QSFP- less otherw plane. , VccRx1, defined fo	mmon ground (GND) for all signals and suppl DD module and all module voltages are refer vise noted. Connect these directly to the h Vccl, Vcc2, VccTx and VccTxl shall be appl or the host side of the Host Card Edge Conr CRx1, Vcc1, Vcc2, VccTx and VccTxl may be i	erenced to t most board s lied concurr mector are 1	his ignal- ently.
conn rate Note be t left an i Note	ected wit ed for a m e 3: All V cerminated unconned mpedance e 4: Plug	thin the mo maximum cur Vendor Spec With 50 C ted within to GND that Sequence a	Adding and vector, vector and vector may be a crent of 1000 mA. Dific, Reserved, No Connect and ePPS (if no Ohms to ground on the host. Pad 65 (No Cor in the module. Vendor specific and Reserved at is greater than 10 kOhms and less than 1 specifies the mating sequence of the host of a 1A, 2A, 3A, 1B, 2B, 3B. (see Figure 2 for	pins are e t used) pin inect) shall i pads shall 100 pF. connector an	s may be have d
Cont	act seque	ence A will	a IA, 2A, 3A, IB, 2B, 3B. (see Figure 2 for . make, then break contact with additional en occur simultaneously, followed by 2A,2B,	QSFP-DD pad	s.





Bottom side viewed from bottom







ModSelL Pin

The ModSelL is an input signal that shall be pulled to Vcc in the QSFP-DD module. When held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of multiple QSFP-DD modules on a single 2-wire interface bus. When ModSelL is "High", the module shall not respond to or acknowledge any 2-wire interface communication from the host. In order to avoid conflicts, the host system shall not attempt 2-wire interface communications within the ModSelL de-assert time after any QSFP-DD modules are deselected. Similarly, the host must wait at least for the period of the ModSelL assert time before communicating with the newly selected module. The assertion and de-asserting periods of different modules may overlap as long as the above timing requirements are met.

ResetL Pin

The ResetL signal shall be pulled to Vcc in the module. A low level on the ResetL signal for longer than the minimum pulse length (t_Reset_init) initiates a complete module reset, returning all user module settings to their default state.

LPMode Pin

LPMode is an input signal. The LPMode signal shall be pulled up to Vcc in the QSFP-DD module. LPMode is used in the control of the module power mode. See CMIS Section 6.3.1.3.

ModPrsL Pin

ModPrsL shall be pulled up to Vcc Host on the host board and pulled low in the module. The ModPrsL is asserted "Low" when the module is inserted. The ModPrsL is deasserted "High" when the module is physically absent from the host connector due to the pull-up resistor on the host board.

IntL Pin

IntL is an output signal. The IntL signal is an open collector output and shall be pulled to Vcc Host on the host board. When the IntL signal is asserted Low it indicates a change in module state, a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL signal is deasserted "High" after all set interrupt flags are read.

Power Supply Filtering



The host board should use the power supply filtering shown in Figure3.

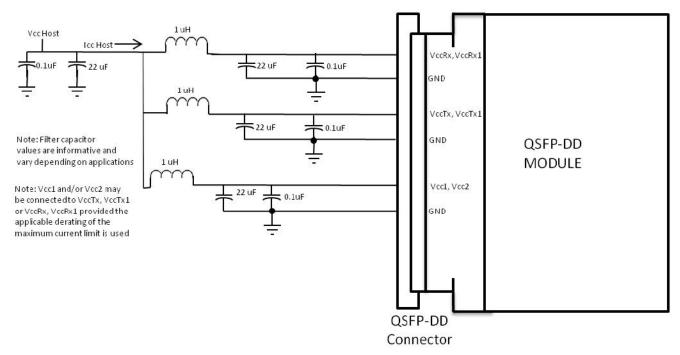


Figure3. Host Board Power Supply Filtering

DIAGNOSTIC MONITORING INTERFACE

Digital diagnostics monitoring function is available on all Gigalight QSFP DD products. A 2-wire serial interface provides user to contact with module.

Memory Structure and Mapping

This limits the management memory that can be directly accessed by the host to 256 bytes, which is divided in Lower Memory (addresses 00h through 7Fh) and Upper Memory (addresses 80h through FFh).

A larger addressable management memory is required for all but the most basic modules. This is supported by a structure of 128-byte pages, together with a mechanism for dynamically mapping any of the 128-byte pages from a larger internal management memory space into Upper Memory the host addressable space.

The addressing structure of the additional internal management memory2 is shown in Figure 4 The management memory inside the module is arranged as a unique and always host accessible address space of 128 bytes (Lower Memory) and as multiple upper address subspaces of 128 bytes each (Pages), only one of which is selected as host visible in Upper Memory. A second level of Page selection



is possible for Pages for which several instances exist (e.g. where a bank of pages with the same Page number exists).

This structure supports a flat 256 byte memory for passive copper modules and permits timely access to addresses in the Lower Memory, e.g. Flags and Monitors. Less time critical entries, e.g. serial ID information and threshold settings, are available with the Page Select function in the Lower Page. For more complex modules which require a larger amount of management memory the host needs to use dynamic mapping of the various Pages into the host addressable Upper Memory address space, whenever needed.

Note: The management memory map has been designed largely after the QSFP memory map. This memory map has been changed in order to accommodate 8 electrical lanes and to limit the required memory space. The single address approach is used as found in QSFP. Paging is used in order to enable time critical interactions between host and module.

Supported Pages

A basic 256 byte subset of the Management Memory Map is mandatory for all CMIS compliant devices. Other parts are only available for paged memory modules, or when advertised by the module. See CMIS V4.0 for details regarding the advertisement of supported management memory spaces.

In particular, support of the Lower Memory and of Page 00h is required for all modules, including passive copper cables. These pages are therefore always implemented. Additional support for Pages 01h, 02h and bank 0 of Pages 10h and 11h is required for all paged memory modules.

Bank 0 of pages 10h-1Fh, provides lane-specific registers for the first 8 lanes, and each additional bank provides support for additional 8 lanes. Note, however, that the allocation of information over the banks may be page specific and may not to be related to grouping data for 8 lanes.

The structure allows address space expansion for certain types of modules by allocating additional Pages. Moreover, additional banks of pages.



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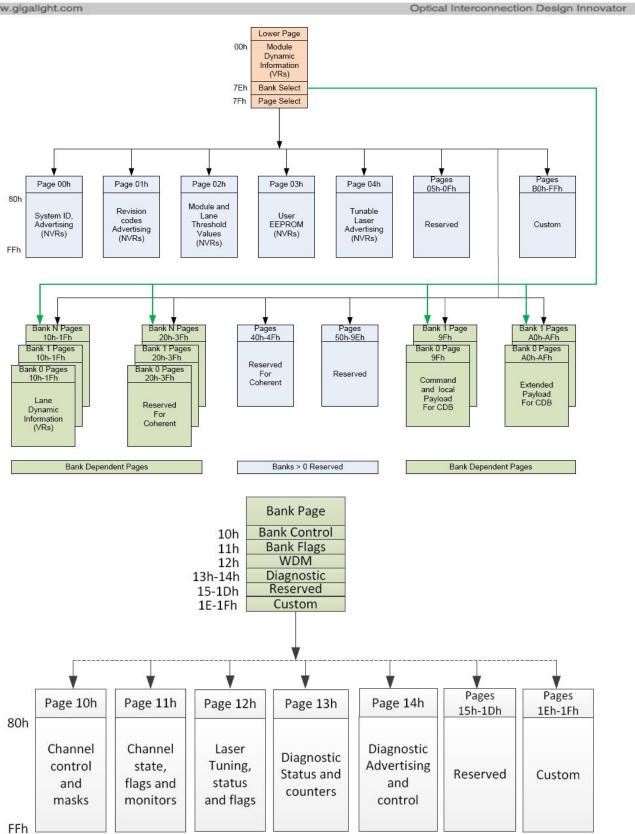


Figure4. QSFP DD Memory Map



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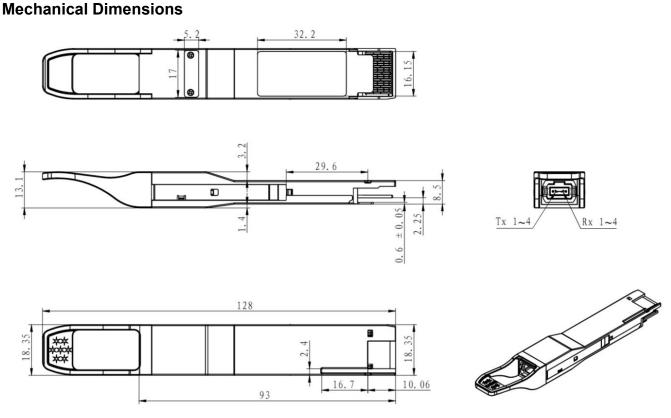


Figure 5. Mechanical Specifications

Regulatory Compliance

Gigalight GQD-SPO401-XDR4C transceivers are Class 1 Laser Products. They meet the requirements of the following standards:

Feature	Standard
	IEC 60825-1:2014 (3 rd Edition)
Laser Safety	IEC 60825-2:2004/AMD2:2010
	EN 60825-1-2014
Electrical Sofety	EN 62368-1: 2014
Electrical Safety	IEC 62368-1:2014
Environmental protection	Directive 2011/65/EU with amendment(EU)2015/863
	EN55032: 2015
CE EMC	EN55035: 2017
	EN61000-3-2:2014
	FCC Part 15, Subpart B
FCC	ANSI C63.4-2014



References

- 1. QSFP DD MSA
- 2. CMIS4.0
- 3. 100G Lambda MSA, 100G-FR
- 4. OIF CEI-56G-VSR-PAM4
- 5. IEEE802.3-2018, 400GAUI-8

CAUTION:

Use of controls or adjustment or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Ordering information

Part Number	Product Description					
	QSFP DD, 400G-XDR4(EML), 2km on Parallel Single mode Fiber (SMF),with					
GQD-SPO401-XDR4C	DSP Power consumption <10W, MPO-12 connector.					

Important Notice

Performance figures, data and any illustrative material provided in this data sheet are typical and must be specifically confirmed in writing by GIGALIGHT before they become applicable to any particular order or contract. In accordance with the GIGALIGHT policy of continuous improvement specifications may change without notice.

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Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
V0	Aug-30-2022	Advance Release.